

# **Strada**

### **MATERIAL**

> Low-H2O heat exchanger is composed of round, seamless circulation tubes made of pure red copper, with pure aluminium fins and two brass collectors for left or right 1/2" same end connection. Automatic air vent 1/8" and drain plug 1/2" are included.

Pressure test: 20 bar Working pressure: 10 bar

- > Brackets: sendzimir, galvanised steel plate thickness 1 mm, dark grey lacquered RAL 7011, with a maximum intermediate distance of 1.05 m
- > Front panel: electrolytic, galvanised steel plate of 1.25 mm thick
- > Side panels: electrolytic, galvanised steel plate of 1.25 mm thick with hole for integrated Jaga valve, inclusive metalised cover plates for the un-used hole.
- > Wall slat: electrolytic, galvanised steel plate of 1.25 mm thick
- > Inversed aluminium top grille coated in the same colour as the casing.
- > Strong and functional packaging, can be used as a protection cover during construction works.

#### Colour

- > Heat exchanger electrostatically lacquered with anthracite grey epoxy-polyester RAL 7024.
- > The casing is lacquered in the colour traffic white RAL 9016 (133), soft touch lightly structured satin / sandblast grey (001) fine texture metallic / other (see colour chart)

A scratch resistant epoxy-polyester powder, sprayed electrostatically and baked at a temperature of 200 °C. UV-resistant due to ASTM G53.

The surface temperature will not exceed 43°C, even with a waterflow of 90 °C and complies to the DHSS DN 4 1992 regulation and subsequent revisions.

Manufacturer: Jaga,

Type: Strada.

Outputs meet standard EN 442.

# **OPTIONS**

- > Towel rail in chrome-plated aluminium.
- > DBH Upgrade set
- > Brush for easy cleaning of the underside of the heat exchanger.
- > Calorimeter holder.

## **HOW TO INSTALL**

The building services engineer chooses the heating elements considering the following conditions:

- > a heat output calculation according to the standard.
- > Tables of heat outputs and dimensions for Strada / Linea Plus / Tempo / Maxi / Mini / Cocoon elements, according to EN 442
- > the normal fitting position for the heating elements is under the window, and to achieve the most aesthetically pleasing appearance the casing should not be wider than the total width of the window. The height of the casing has to be a function of the heat loss calculations; aesthetically narrower types are preferable. Types 19, 20 and 21 are more suitable for utility areas.
- > when only small outputs are required, the casing can be extended, if necessary, to fill up the total window space
- > the minimum space requirement under the heating elements is:
  - 10 cm for types 06, 10 and 11
  - 12 cm for types 15 and 16
  - 15 cm for types 20 and 21
- > as minimum space between the top of the casing and the extended window sills, the above mentioned dimensions have to be applied.
- > the heat exchangers will be connected to a one pipe system / two pipe system, with a same side end connection. Mini height 8 cm will be connected with an other end connection. The heat exchangers are equipped with 1/2" brass collector, 1/8" air vent and a 1/2" drain cock. The flow valve always has to be fitted to the top connection of the heat exchanger. The specially designed thermostatic Jaga Danfoss / Jaga / Jaga-Pro / Jaga-Top valves / can be connected to plastic central heating service pipes/ RPE/ALU. tube / copper tube / steel pipe. The valve body is concealed within the standard casing
- > Jaga thermostatic heads / Jaga Deco thermostatic heads chrome / Jaga Deco thermostatic heads chrome/white ./ Jaga Comap thermostatic heads silver / remote controlled Jaga thermostatic heads / Jaga Deco thermostatic heads chrome/white with sensor at distance / not to be fitted.